"Ever since we invented the past tense, she brings the past *up* all the time!"

LE PASSÉ COMPOSÉ - _____

AVOIR

Avoir =		
Pronoms/Pronouns	Français	Anglais
I		
You (Informal/Singular)		
He (Masculine Singular)		
She (Feminine Singular)		
One, It, The individual, The group/collective		
We		
You all/You guys/You (Plural/Formal)		
They (Masculine Plural)		
They (Feminine Plural)		

ÊTRE

Être =		
Pronoms/Pronouns	Français	Anglais
I		
You (Informal/Singular)		
He (Masculine Singular)		
She (Feminine Singular)		
One, It, The individual, The group/collective		
We		
You all/You guys/You (Plural/Formal)		
They (Masculine Plural)		
They (Feminine Plural)		

THE FORMULA FOR TURNING SENTENCES INTO THE PAST - La formule pour rendre les phrases au passé

_____ (conjugated in the present tense according to the subject) + _____

What is the Past Participle? – Qu'est-ce que c'est le participe passé?

Le participe passé est employé pour exprimer une action passée. The Past Participle is used to express that an action has already _____. In English we usually use "ed" - (finished) some exceptions "sold" "threw" "wrote" "bought"…etc).

French also has special endings for the Past Participle. For <u>regular verbs</u> ending in er, ir and re, the past participle is formed by:

Dropping   Adding Endings

er   ____   Parler (to speak) → parl____

re   ____   Vendre (to sell) → vend____

ir   ____   Finir (To finish) → fin____
                      Partir (To leave) → part____

Which Verbs Take Être and Which Take Avoir?

Most verbs take AVOIR!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

Dropping	Adding Endings
er	____ Parler → parl____
re	____ Vendre → vend____
ir	____ Finir → fin____

PHEW!

I Talked/Spoke = _____ + _____
I sold = _____ + _____
I Finished my homework = _____ + _____ mes devoirs.

⚠ And a handful take Être (Hint: It involves your puppet!)

To help you to remember the verbs that take être, think of a couple named Dr. and Mrs. Vandertramp. Each letter in their name stands for a verb that takes être in the past tense in French. This famous acronym is often used in French classes to help you to remember these verbs. Here is a list of those verbs which take être along with their past participles (refer to your created poster). In addition to the past participles, one must consider the MASCULINE/FEMININE -SINGULAR/PLURAL.

D
R

M
R
S

V Venir - To Come
A
N
D
E
R
T
R
A
M
P

Le passé composé - The Past Tense
Les verbes conjugués avec Être

La maison Être

Venir
(Venu) (e)(s)

RIP